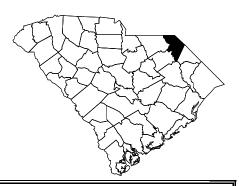


Diabetes In

Marlboro County, 2012



Produced by the South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control

Impact of Diabetes in the United States

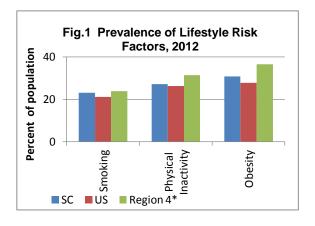
- Diabetes affects 25.8 million Americans and contributes to approximately 231,000 deaths a year
- Diabetes is becoming more common in the United States. From 1980 through 2011, the number of Americans with diagnosed diabetes has more than tripled (from 5.6 million to 20.9
- The direct and indirect costs of diabetes in the U.S. were nearly \$174 billion in 2008.
- 69,701 people died of diabetes in the U.S. in 2010.

Diabetes in South Carolina

- Approximately 421,549 adults in South Carolina are diagnosed with diabetes. African Americans have a 42% higher prevalence than Whites.
- The total direct costs of hospitalizations and emergency room visits were over \$4.7 billion in 2012.
- Diabetes is the seventh leading cause of death in South Carolina, claiming 1,186 lives in 2012

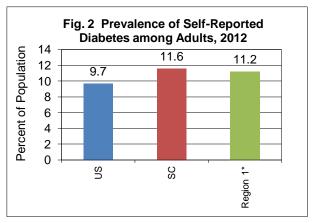
Behavioral Risk Factors

Major behavioral risk factors, such as obesity and physical inactivity are partially responsible for development of type 2 diabetes (Fig 1).



Diabetes Prevalence

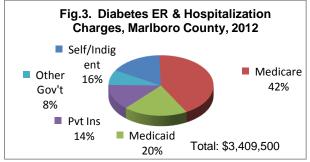
An estimated 11.2% of adults) in Region 1 suffer annually from diabetes (Fig 2).



*County-level BRFSS not available for 2012.

Hospital and Emergency Room Discharges

- In 2012, there were 88 hospitalizations for diabetes in Marlboro County for all ages.
- There were an additional 771 hospital discharges with diabetes-related conditions in Marlboro County.
- In 2012, there were 119 emergency room (ER) visits for diabetes as the primary diagnosis, among which 90 (76%) were by African-American patients.
- There were 622 ER visits for diabetes as a related condition.



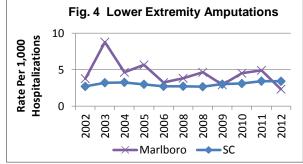
Medicare paid 42% of the ER and Hospitalization charges in Marlboro County (Fig 3).

Complications

- 43% of patients hospitalized in SC for diabetes had complications in 2012; 49% of hospitalizations in Marlboro County (Table 1).
- In 2011, more than 74% of people in SC with diabetes had hypertension, compared with only 30% of people without diabetes.

Table 1. Hospitalizations for Diabetes Complications in Marlboro County in 2012 Percent of **Diabetes** Hospital **Diabetes Total Charges** Complication Admissions Hospital **Admissions** Renal Failure 328 39% \$12.898.900 Lower \$544,300 8 1% Extremity Amputation \$657,000 28 3% Ketoacidosis 6% \$2,220,600 Retinopathy 54

- In 2011, more than 67% of people with diabetes had high cholesterol.
- 2012, the rates for lower extremity amputations among blacks in SC were 3times the rates among whites.



For More Information about diabetes contact:

Division of Diabetes, Heart Disease, Obesity and School Health DHEC Bureau of Community Health and Chronic Disease Prevention

http://www.dhec.sc.gov/health/chcdp/diabetes/index.htm

Diabetes Initiative of South Carolina http://www.musc.edu/diabetes/

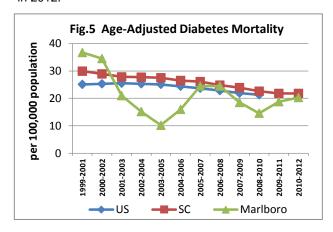


Generated by: Division of Chronic Disease Epidemiology, Bureau of Community Health and Chronic Disease Prevention

http://www.scdhec.gov/hs/epidata/state_reports.htm

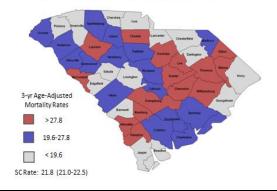
Mortality

- Diabetes is the ninth leading cause of death in Marlboro County.
- A total of 5 people in Marlboro County died from diabetes in 2012.



- The Marlboro County mortality rate was 14.5/100,000 in 2012, above the state average.
- Marlboro County ranks #10 in diabetes mortality in South Carolina 2010-2012.

Fig. 6 Diabetes Mortality 2010-2012



Data Sources:

Behavioral Risk Factors and Diabetes Prevalence:

SC BRFSS

http://www.scdhec.gov/administration/phsis/biostatistics/brfss/

Mortality Data:

Vital Statistics, DHEC Division of Biostatistics 803-898-3627

Hospital Discharges and ER Visits:

Office of Research and Statistics SC Budget and Control Board (803) 898-9940



For more details, please view the Technical Document below www.scdhec.gov/health/epidata/docs/EpiTechNotes.pdf